Hello y5 and 6 Tuesday 2nd June

Today you are going to sequence these dates vertically. You will draw a line in the middle of your page and write year o at the top (birth of Christ).

When you put these dates in order remember that 333BC (before Christ) is CLOSER to year o at the top of your timeline and that 340 BC is further away than year o at the top of your timeline.

Just before you start, watch History horse-taming file (showing a video clip of a 13 year old Alexander)

And History clever solution file (showing Alexander as a young man when faced with an impossible task to prove that he would rule Asia).

Now you must decide which are the ten most important dates below to choose to use in your timeline. When you have selected them, arrange them in chronological order on your timeline.

When this is done, make a key and colour code like this:

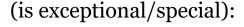
Evidence of Alexander's bad temper:



Evidence of Alexander's good ideas:



Evidence that Alexander is gifted





(You can choose your own colours here).

Now go and dot or underline any parts of your timeline that tie in with the key.

	333 B.C.	Alexander cuts the Gordian Knot whoever Battle of Issus.  Battle of Issus.	(JUMBLED UP ALEXANDER
	332 B.C.	Siege of Tyre. September-October: Alexander captures Gaza	THE GREAT TIMELINE
	331 B.C.	Battle of Gaugamela. Babylon conquered. Alexander occupies Susa	TIMELINE )
	336 B.C.	Wedding of Alexander of Epirus to Cleopatra, daughter of Philip and Olympia. Murder of Philip. · Alexander becomes King of Macedonia	AA
	335 B.C.	Early spring: Alexander goes north to deal with rebellion in Thrace and Illyria. Conquers Thebes	
	334 B.C.	Alexander's Persian campaign begins. May: Battle of the Granicus	
35	6 B.C.	July: Alexander born at Pella, Macedonia	and as I
	3 B.C.	Alexander tames Bucephalus. (The King's horse trainers Aristotle invited to Macedonia to be Alexander's tuto	had failed to do so)
34	0 B.C.	Alexander temporary ruler in Macedonia, squashes first revolt	
33	88 B.C.	August 2: Battle of Chaeronea. League of Corinth formed	
33	57 B.C.	Philip II marries his fifth wife, Cleopatra, niece of Al Olympias takes her daughter Cleopatra and Alexand	talus. ler to Epirus
324	B.C.	Alexander marries Statira, daughter of Darius.	
80 5	senior Th	Death of Hephaestion Alexander's close friend  ele officials also married Persians to write	Age of the second
323	B.C.← J	Alexander IV is born  His son	
330		January: Alexander reaches Persepolis and ransacks the city. Kills his friend Philotas. (Tortued him after leaning he July: Darius III found murdered near Hecatompylus. Bessus establishes himself in Bactria	was plotting {against Alexander}
329	<b>B.C.</b> 1	March-April: Alexander crosses Hindu Kush. Alexander advances towards Bactria	
32	28 B.C.	Bactria conquered. Campaign against Spitamenes. Kills his friend Cleitus the Black in an argument	
after	a feast	. Cleitus had once saved Alexander's life in	
32	7 B.C.	Alexander's marriage to Roxane.  Invasion of India begins	15 gags
326		Alexander reaches Indus. Ambhi surrenders. Battle of the Hydaspes against Porus. Death of Bucephalas. Soldiers refuse to go further. Alexander seriously wounded	No.
325	B.C.	Alexander marches back to Persia	